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## Research Paper : Effect of feed rate and different set of clearance on recovery of husk in isabgul processing plant V.M. MODI, N.N. DESAI AND D.B. PATEL

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## ABSTRACT

Correspondence to: V.M. MODI College of Renewable Energy and Environmental Engineering, S.D. Agricultural University, Sardarkrushinagar, BANASKANTHA (GUJARAT) INDIA Energy audit was carried out in Isabgul processing plant to study the effect of different feed rate and set of clearances on recovery of husk in order to improve system efficiency. Energy utilization efficiency can also be improved by identifying the feed rate and clearances between under runner disk, where maximum husk recovery is obtained. Four different feed rate and four set of clearances between under runner disk were selected and each feed rate was tried at four set of clearance. The result showed that the percentage of husk recovered was affected significantly due to different feed rate and clearances. The 175 kg/hr feed rate recorded highest husk percentage *i.e.*, 27.15 per cent under treatment combination of Set-3 (Clearances between under runner disk ranging from 1.55 mm. to 1.18 mm.).

Key words : Isabgul (Psyllium), Husk, Dehusking, Feed rate, Clearance

India is one of the major producer and processor of the Lisabgul (PSYLLIUM) in the world. Isabgul has very good export potential among all crude drugs. According to trade estimates, 90 per cent of the domestic production of Isabgul is exported. Isabgul is marketed in husk powder forms.Isabgul processing mainly involves cleaning, polishing, dehusking and aspiration. The Isabgul seeds are passed through the dehusking machines several times (7 to 8 times) to remove completely the husk layer. The important machine used in dehusking is under runner disc sheller having emery coating on the inside surface to provide abrasive surface. The manufacturing of Isabgul product is not an organized industry. The capacity, output of processed material operating parameters, power requirement and specification of machinery varies from industry to industry. Energy utilization efficiency can also be improved by identifying the feed rate and clearances between under runner disk sheller, where maximum husk recovery is obtained (Chinnam et al., 1980). Study was conducted to find out the best combination of feed rate and clearance between under runner disk to get maximum recovery of husk with best quality.

## METHODOLOGY

This chapter deals with the selection of raw material, procedures followed for determination of physical properties, selection of Isabgul processing industry for experiment, cleaning and dehusking unit for Isabgul seed, specifications of machinery, performance evaluation of existing plant, energy measurement and experimental setup to study the effects of different feed rate and set of clearances on recovery of husk, in order to improve system efficiency. Dried Isabgul variety GI-2 harvested in summer season was procured and various impurities like dust, sand, undersized and oversized impurities, light and heavy impurities and stones, have been removed in cleaning unit. After gravity separation bold Isabgul seeds was passed through the dehusking machine several times (7 to 8 times) to remove completely the husk layer. The important machine used in dehusking is under runner disk sheller having emery coating on the inside surface to provide abrasive action. The type of coating is being kept same in all the under runner disk sheller used for dehusking of Isabgul. Clearance between emery disks is adjustable. A post aspiration system is provided with post aspirator mounted at the discharge end with air control valve unit for separation of husks. Husk suctioned by fan unit and collected into husk collection cyclone through ducting. Separate fan unit with dynamically balanced impeller and flat belt drive with common drive system to separate husk and other byproduct like lali and gola. Eight numbers of twin leg type bucket elevator is provided in the dehusking unit for material transportation. The above complete system is mounted on sturdy common structured frame/ structure and gets it's drive from common counter drive system by 50 mm. Shaft and 10 hp motor. Grading of Isabgul husk collected from eight different dehusker unit is done at three desk type husk screen grader, which gets it's drive from 2 h.p. electric motor. In this unit Isabgul husk is separated on size basis.Performance evaluation